
Pony Club

Where it all begins



Achievement Badge Program for Horse Management

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BADGES TO EARN:

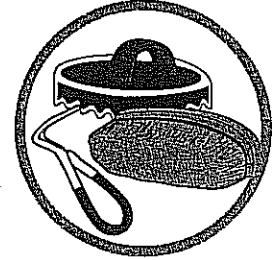
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Grooming

OBJECTIVE:

To be able to properly groom a mount in safe manner.



GROOMING TOOL:	USED FOR:	HOW TO USE:

How to tie a Quick Release Knot:

Badge achieved on: _____
Awarded by: _____

Feeding

OBJECTIVE:

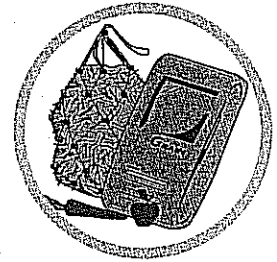
To be able to correctly and safely water and feed a balanced diet.

How to Feed:

Water

Grain

Hay



How To Give a Treat:

Give The Rules for Feeding:

Give Examples of Types of Feed:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.
- 9.
- 10.

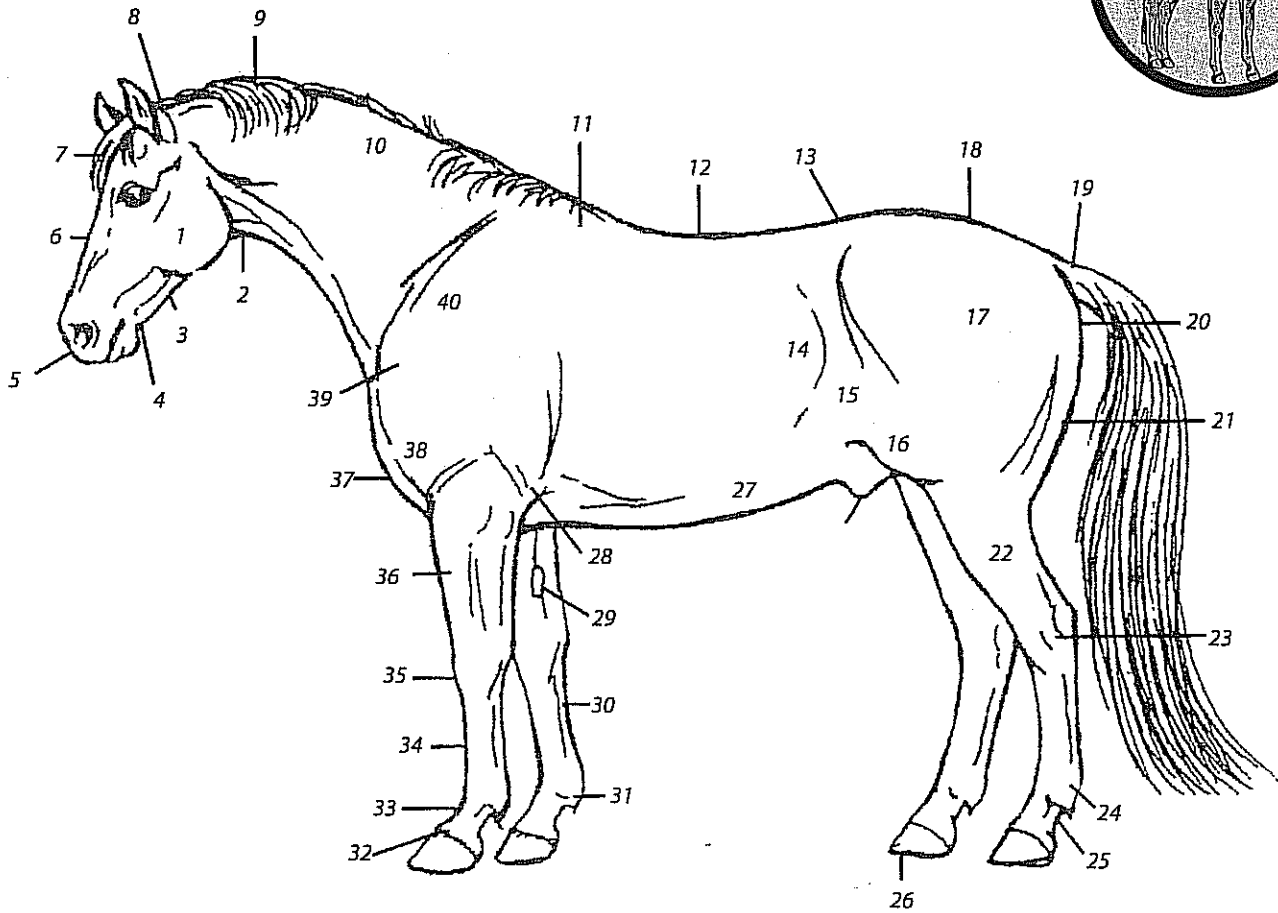
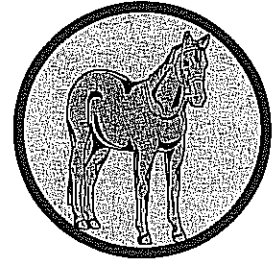
Badge achieved on:

Awarded by:

Horse Parts

OBJECTIVE:

To be able to properly identify the parts of a mount and to properly describe a mount's markings, coloring, and height.

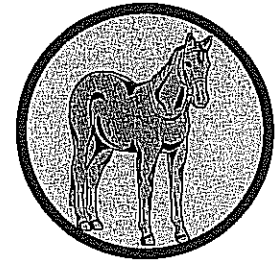


Name the Parts of a Mount:

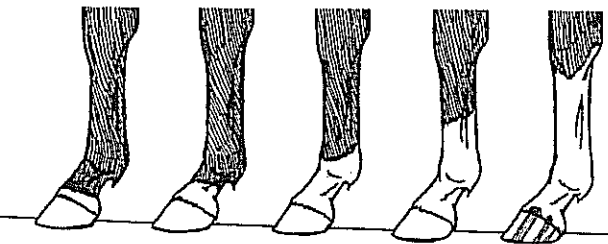
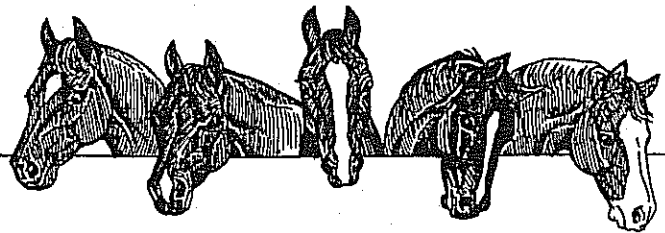
- | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|
| 1. | 12. | 24. |
| 2. | 13. | 25. |
| 3. | 14. | 26. |
| 4. | 15. | 27. |
| 5. | 16. | 28. |
| 6. | 17. | 29. |
| 7. | 18. | 30. |
| 8. | 19. | 31. |
| 9. | 20. | 32. |
| 10. | 21. | 33. |
| 11. | 22. | 34. |
| | 23. | 35. |

Horse Parts, *continued*

- 36.
- 37.
- 38.
- 39.
- 40.



Name the Markings:



Describe the Color:

Black:

Brown:

Bay:

Chestnut:

Grey:

Roan:

Dun:

Palomino:

Pinto:

Appaloosa:

Measuring a Mount:

Hand = _____ inches

Small Pony = _____ hands and under

Medium Pony = _____ to _____ hands

Large Pony = _____ to _____ hands

Horse = _____ hands and over

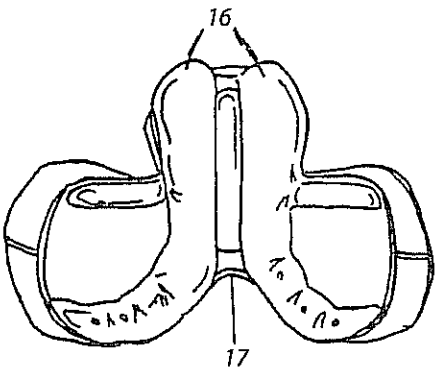
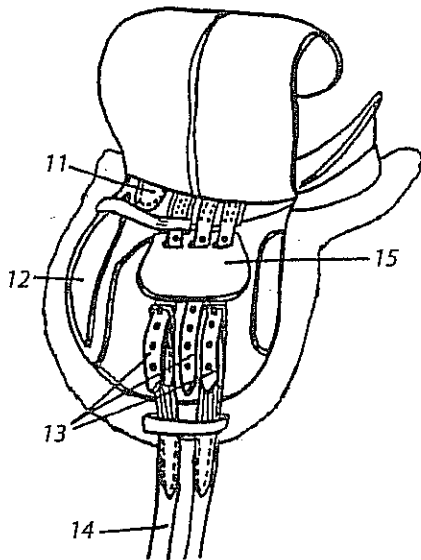
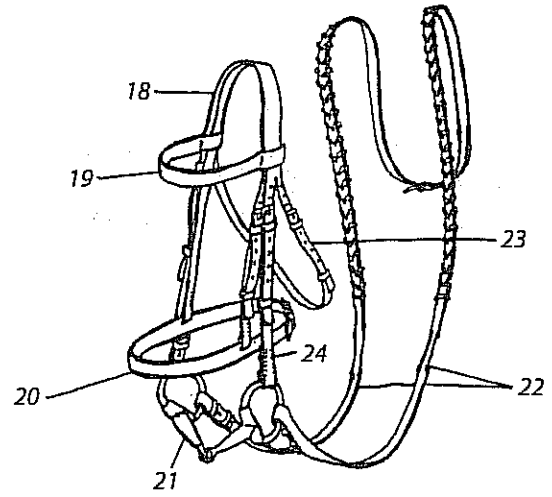
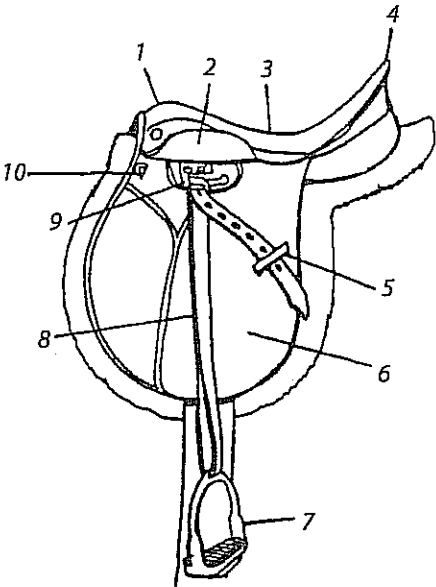
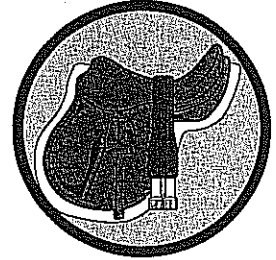
Badge achieved on:

Awarded by:

Tack

OBJECTIVE:

To be able to properly identify the parts of a bridle and saddle and to safely tack and untack a mount.

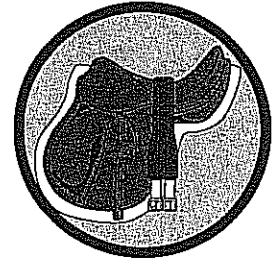


Name the Parts of the Saddle and Bridle:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.
- 9.
- 10.
- 11.
- 12.
- 13.
- 14.

Tack, continued

- 15.
- 16.
- 17.
- 18.
- 19.
- 20.
- 21.
- 22.
- 23.
- 24.



Saddling: (fill in the blank)

Put the saddle pad on in _____ of the _____ and slide _____, so the hair is _____.

Set the saddle on the _____. The saddle should be sitting in the _____ below the pony's _____.

Go to the pony's right (off) side and fasten the _____. Buckle the girth to the _____ and billets, about _____ up.

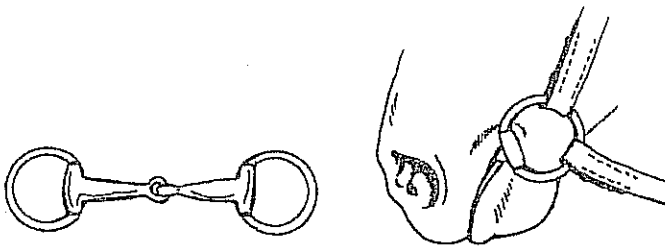
Go to the pony's left (near) side and fasten the _____. Bring the _____ under the buckle to the _____ and _____ and _____ billets.

Tighten the _____ and check it by slipping your _____ under it just below the _____.

Stretch the pony's _____.

Why Clean Tack:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.



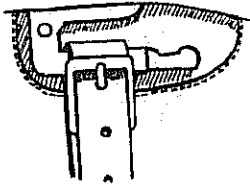
Bits: (fill in the blank)

A snaffle bit must rest _____ in the pony's _____. A properly fitted snaffle should make _____.

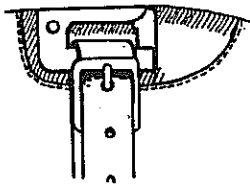
Continued

Tack, continued

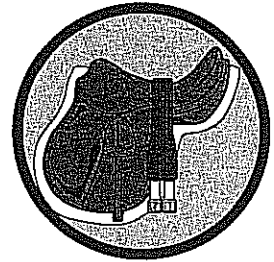
Safety Stirrup Bars:



SAFE: Stirrup Bar open



DANGER! Stirrup bar closed



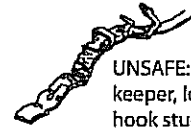
Bridling: (circle True or False)

- T or F Before putting the bridle on, the noseband and throatlash should be unbuckled.
- T or F It's okay for the pony to be loose when bridling.
- T or F The reins should go over the pony's head.
- T or F When using the over the poll method to bridle, your right hand holds the crownpiece and the left hand holds the bit.
- T or F When using the arm around under head method to bridle, your right hand holds the bit and the left hand holds the side of the bridle.
- T or F The throatlash should be buckled tightly.
- T or F The forelock should be over the browband.
- T or F If the pony is hard to bridle, you should sit on its neck.
- T or F If the pony is hard to bridle, you should get help.

Unsafe Tack:



UNSAFE: Worn-out elastic girth ends



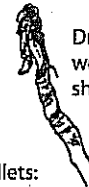
UNSAFE: Broken keeper, loose hook stud



Stitching coming loose



Unsafe billets: Stretched-out holes, cracks and dry rot; stitching coming loose



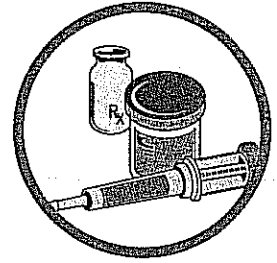
Dry, cracked and weakened leather, showing dry rot

Badge achieved on: _____
Awarded by: _____

Health Care

OBJECTIVE:

To be able to describe a healthy mount and one that needs help. Understand the role of a veterinarian, and regular health maintenance of a mount.



What Is a Veterinarian:

Signs of a Healthy Mount:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.
- 9.
- 10.
- 11.

Why De-Worm

- 1.
- 2.

When to Seek Help for a Sick or Injured Mount:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.

List the Types of Common Vaccinations

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

Badge achieved on:

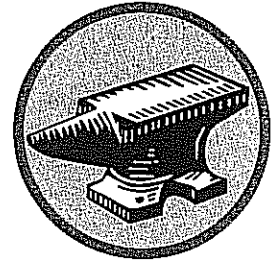
Awarded by:

Shoeing

OBJECTIVE:

To be able to demonstrate a knowledge of healthy hoof maintenance and its importance.

How to Pick Out a Hoof:



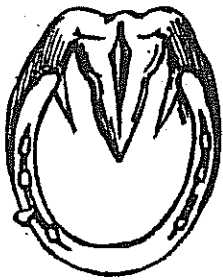
Signs That a Hoof Needs Shoeing:



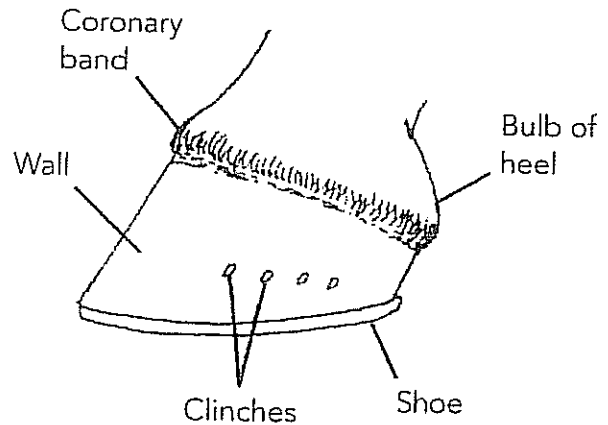
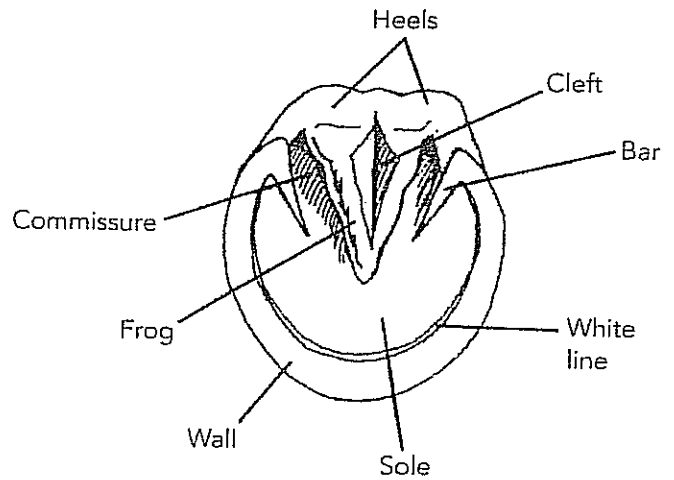
Long toe, low heel, cracked and broken hoof



Long toe, clinches risen, shoe too far forward



Shoe overgrown by foot, bent and missing nails, shoe loose



Some parts of the hoof.

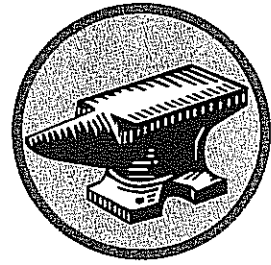
Shoeing, *continued*



Farrier Tools:

Name:

Use:



Signs of a Newly Shod Hoof:

Signs of Thrush:

Why Care for Hooves:

Badge achieved on: _____
Awarded by: _____

Boots & Bandages

OBJECTIVE:

To understand the protective nature of boots and bandages and how and when to apply them.



Bandage	Purpose

Boot	Purpose

Fill in the Blanks

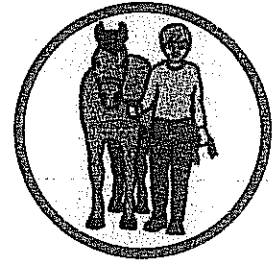
Shipping bandages/boots protect the _____ from the _____ to the _____ and _____. They should cover the _____ and the _____, the _____ and _____ joint, and the _____ up to the bottom of the _____ or _____.

<p>Badge achieved on:</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Awarded by:</p> <p>_____</p>
--

Leading

OBJECTIVE:

To be able to properly and safely halter, lead and tie a mount.



How to Approach a Mount from the Front:

1.

How to Tie a Quick Release Knot:

2.

3.

How to Approach a Mount from the Rear:

1.

2.

3.

What is a Safe Area to Tie a Mount:

1.

2.

3.

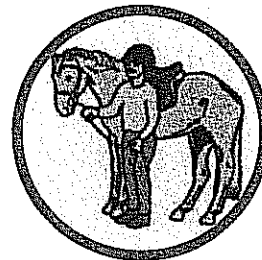
Badge achieved on:

Awarded by:

Turnout/Attire

OBJECTIVE:

To be able to properly present oneself and his/her mount.



Everyday Attire:

Informal Attire:

Formal Attire:

Places to Check for Dirt on a Mount:

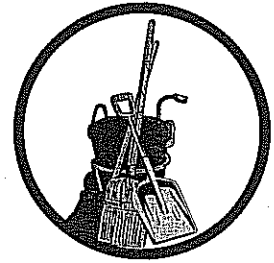
- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.

Badge achieved on: _____
Awarded by: _____

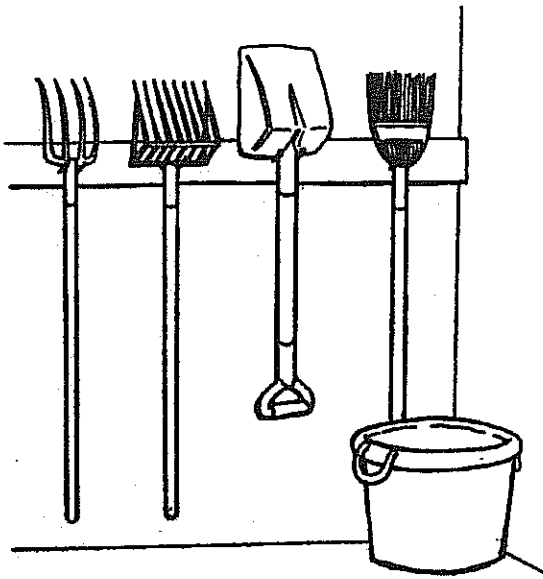
Stable Management

OBJECTIVE:

To be able to properly and safely care for a mount in a stall.



Name the Barn Tools:



How to Hang a Hay Net:

List of Information to be Found on a Stall Card:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.
- 9.
- 10.
- 11.
- 12.
- 13.
- 14.

Steps in Cleaning a Stall:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.

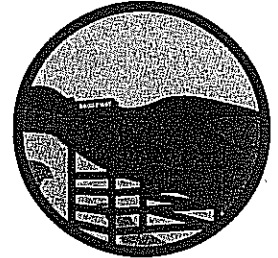
How to Hang Water and Grain Buckets:

Badge achieved on: _____
Awarded by: _____

Land Conservation

OBJECTIVE:

To help preserve the right to ride on public land by being courteous and grateful to landowners.



Write Thank-You Notes to All Landowners Who Allow You to Ride on Their Land.

A great place to find out where you can volunteer and be active in preserving your ability to ride on public land is:

Riding on Privately-owned Land

(circle true or false)

- T or F Always ask before riding on anyone's land.
- T or F Treat the land and the landowners with respect. Be polite to hikers, bikers, and other trail users, and especially landowners.
- T or F You should follow your own rules when riding on somebody else's land.
- T or F You should pick up and carry out your trash and any trash you see, clean up manure after your pony, and if you trailer in, clean up around your trailer.
- T or F The landowner should fix any damage you or your pony cause.
- T or F You should be polite, pleasant, and helpful, and be a good representative of Pony Club.

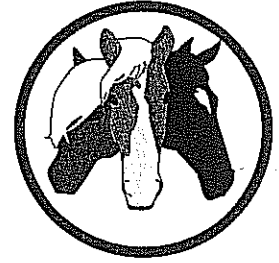
Badge achieved on:

Awarded by:

Breeds

OBJECTIVE:

To be able to properly identify different horse, pony, and draft breeds.



Horse Breeds:

(Identify a common horse sport for two [2])

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.

Draft Breeds:

(Identify a common horse sport for one [1])

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

Pony Breeds:

(Identify a common horse sport for one [1])

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

Fill in the Blanks:

Most horses of a particular breed are _____
(which means their _____ and _____
are both of the same breed).

Badge achieved on:

Awarded by:

Conformation

OBJECTIVE:

To be able to properly identify conformation points and faults in a mount as well as describe a strange mount to another person.

Fill in the Blanks:

A pony's head should be wide at the _____, with large _____, large, kind _____ and a pleasant _____.

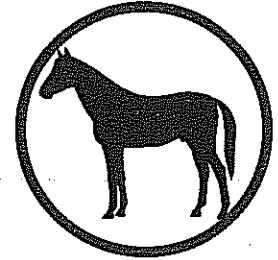
A good neck is medium _____, and slightly _____, bending smoothly into _____ of medium height.

A good back is _____ and well _____ blending smoothly into a wide, well muscled _____ and medium height _____.

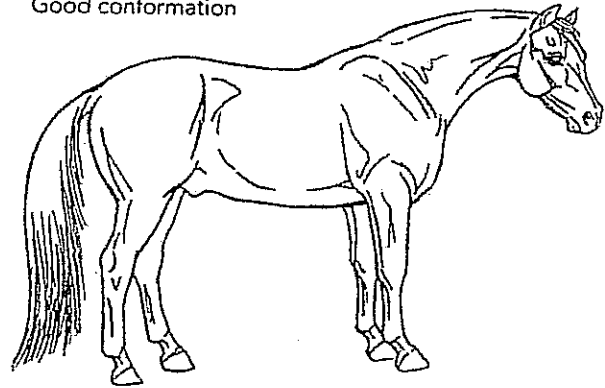
A good shoulder is _____ (from the top of the _____ to the point of the _____) and sloping.

The pasterns are like _____ absorbers, so they must be _____ and _____ with _____ length and slope.

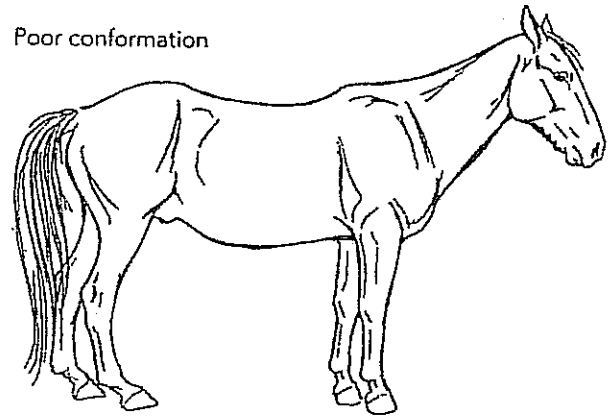
Describe your own pony to somebody else:



Good conformation



Poor conformation



Badge achieved on:

Awarded by:

Conditioning

OBJECTIVE:

To be able to properly condition a mount for the work asked of him or her.



TPR Stands for:

T _____

P _____

R _____

Describe Resting Vital Signs for a Mount:

Fill in the Blanks:

If a pony is not properly cooled out, he may get _____, develop _____,

or even _____.

He should always be put away _____,

_____ and

_____ after a ride.

Condition Means:

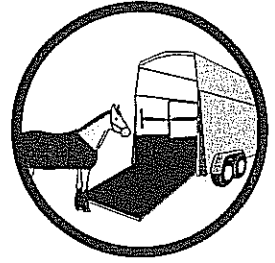
Badge achieved on:

Awarded by:

Travel Safety

OBJECTIVE:

To be able to properly travel with a mount in a safe manner.



Rules for Riding in a Ring:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.
- 9.
- 10.
- 11.

Fill in the Blanks:

When trailering, the trailer and tow vehicle must be _____
and properly _____.

Describe Equipment Needed for Trailering:

Rules for Riding on the Road

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

Badge achieved on: _____
Awarded by: _____